# Debian specific: Specifying a filename will cause the first

# line of that file to be used as the name. The Debian default

# is /etc/mailname.

#myorigin = /etc/mailname

smtpd\_banner = $myhostname ESMTP $mail\_name (Ubuntu)

biff = no

# appending .domain is the MUA's job.

append\_dot\_mydomain = no

# Uncomment the next line to generate "delayed mail" warnings

#delay\_warning\_time = 4h

readme\_directory = no

# TLS parameters

smtpd\_tls\_cert\_file=/etc/ssl/certs/ssl-cert-snakeoil.pem

smtpd\_tls\_key\_file=/etc/ssl/private/ssl-cert-snakeoil.key

smtpd\_use\_tls=yes

smtpd\_tls\_session\_cache\_database =

btree:${data\_directory}/smtpd\_scache

smtp\_tls\_session\_cache\_database =

btree:${data\_directory}/smtp\_scache

# See /usr/share/doc/postfix/TLS\_README.gz in the postfix-doc

# package for information on enabling SSL in the smtp client.

myhostname = mail1.example.org

alias\_maps = hash:/etc/aliases

alias\_database = hash:/etc/aliases

myorigin = /etc/mailname

mydestination = mail1.example.org, example.org,

localhost.example.org, localhost

relayhost =

mynetworks = 127.0.0.0/8 [::ffff:127.0.0.0]/104 [::1]/128

mailbox\_size\_limit = 0

recipient\_delimiter = +

inet\_interfaces = all